

EXHIBIT A

SUBPOENA TO TESTIFY AT A DEPOSITION IN A CIVIL ACTION

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Western District of North Carolina

CMT USA, Inc. and CMT Utensili S.p.A.

Plaintiff

v.

Apex Tool Group LLC and Apex Brands, Inc.

Defendant

Civil Action No. 3:24-cv-00137-RJC-DC

SUBPOENA TO TESTIFY AT A DEPOSITION IN A CIVIL ACTION

To:

Century Drill & Tool, LLC
1160 Contract Drive, Green Bay, WI 54304

(Name of person to whom this subpoena is directed)

☒ Testimony: YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear at the time, date, and place set forth below to testify at a deposition to be taken in this civil action. If you are an organization, you must promptly confer in good faith with the party serving this subpoena about the following matters, or those set forth in an attachment, and you must designate one or more officers, directors, or managing agents, or designate other persons who consent to testify on your behalf about these matters:

Place: 2149 Velp Ave, Green Bay, WI 54303

Date and Time:

10/01/2024 9:00 am

The deposition will be recorded by this method: Video and/or stenographic

☒ Production: You, or your representatives, must also bring with you to the deposition the following documents, electronically stored information, or objects, and must permit inspection, copying, testing, or sampling of the material: Documents identified in attached Exhibit B, in accordance with the protective order attached as Exhibit C

The following provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45 are attached – Rule 45(c), relating to the place of compliance; Rule 45(d), relating to your protection as a person subject to a subpoena; and Rule 45(e) and (g), relating to your duty to respond to this subpoena and the potential consequences of not doing so.

Date:

9/19/24

CLERK OF COURT

OR

Robert E. Colletti

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

Attorney's signature

The name, address, e-mail address, and telephone number of the attorney representing (name of party) CMT USA, Inc. and CMT Utensili S.p.A., who issues or requests this subpoena, are:

Robert Colletti, Haug Partners LLP, 745 Fifth Avenue, 10th Floor New York, NY 10151; rcolletti@haugpartners.com; 212-863-2117

Notice to the person who issues or requests this subpoena

If this subpoena commands the production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things before trial, a notice and a copy of the subpoena must be served on each party in this case before it is served on the person to whom it is directed. Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(a)(4).

Civil Action No. 3:24-cv-00137-RJC-DC

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)

I received this subpoena for (name of individual and title, if any) _____
on (date) _____.

☐ I served the subpoena by delivering a copy to the named individual as follows: _____
_____ on (date) _____; or

☐ I returned the subpoena unexecuted because: _____
_____.

Unless the subpoena was issued on behalf of the United States, or one of its officers or agents, I have also
tendered to the witness the fees for one day's attendance, and the mileage allowed by law, in the amount of
\$ _____.

My fees are \$ _____ for travel and \$ _____ for services, for a total of \$ 0.00.

I declare under penalty of perjury that this information is true.

Date: _____
_____ Server's signature

Printed name and title

Server's address

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc.:

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), (e), and (g) (Effective 12/1/13)

(c) Place of Compliance.

(1) **For a Trial, Hearing, or Deposition.** A subpoena may command a person to attend a trial, hearing, or deposition only as follows:

- (A) within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; or
- (B) within the state where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person, if the person
 - (i) is a party or a party's officer; or
 - (ii) is commanded to attend a trial and would not incur substantial expense.

(2) **For Other Discovery.** A subpoena may command:

- (A) production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things at a place within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; and
- (B) inspection of premises at the premises to be inspected.

(d) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena; Enforcement.

(1) **Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions.** A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The court for the district where compliance is required must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction—which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees—on a party or attorney who fails to comply.

(2) **Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.**

(A) **Appearance Not Required.** A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.

(B) **Objections.** A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing, or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises—or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:

- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the court for the district where compliance is required for an order compelling production or inspection.
- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

(3) **Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.**

(A) **When Required.** On timely motion, the court for the district where compliance is required must quash or modify a subpoena that:

- (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (ii) requires a person to comply beyond the geographical limits specified in Rule 45(c);
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
- (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.

(B) **When Permitted.** To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the court for the district where compliance is required may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:

(i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information; or

(ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party.

(C) **Specifying Conditions as an Alternative.** In the circumstances described in Rule 45(d)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:

- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
- (ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

(e) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.

(1) **Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information.** These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:

(A) **Documents.** A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.

(B) **Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified.** If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.

(C) **Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form.** The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.

(D) **Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information.** The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

(2) **Claiming Privilege or Protection.**

(A) **Information Withheld.** A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:

- (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.

(B) **Information Produced.** If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information under seal to the court for the district where compliance is required for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.

(g) **Contempt.**

The court for the district where compliance is required—and also, after a motion is transferred, the issuing court—may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena or an order related to it.

For access to subpoena materials, see Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(a) Committee Note (2013).

EXHIBIT A

Definitions & Instructions

A. “Apex” means Apex Tool Group LLC and Apex Brands, Inc., collectively and individually, and any of their predecessor(s) or successor(s) in interest, including Crescent-branded products.

B. “CMT,” means CMT USA, Inc. and CMT Utensili S.p.A., collectively and individually, and any of their predecessor(s) or successor(s) in interest.

C. “Century” means Century Drill & Tool, LLC, and any subsidiaries or related entities, including Century Drill & Tool Corp. and Century Drill & Tool Co., Inc.

D. Unless otherwise specified herein, and as applicable, the geographic scope of these Deposition Topics are limited to the United States.

Deposition Topics

1. The color(s) applied to the surface of Century’s Circular Saw Blades (including its Cenalloy, Classic Series, Construction Series, Contractor Series, Fiber Cement, Metal Series, and Woodworker Series Circular Saw Blades), and Century’s decisions to use that color (or colors) on those saw blades.

2. The color(s) applied to Century’s Diamond Saw Blades (including its Continuous Rim, Segmented Rim, Tuckpointing, and Turbo Rim Diamond Blades), and Century’s decisions to use that color (or colors) on those saw blades.

3. The coating(s) applied to the surface of Century’s Circular Saw Blades and Diamond Saw Blades, including the benefits of any such coating.

4. The U.S. trademark registrations owned by Century, including U.S. Trademark Registration No. 6144721 and U.S. Trademark Registration Application No. 98209077.

5. The identity and geographic reach of Century’s wholesalers, distributors, and

retailers.

6. Century's market share for circular woodworking saw blades since 2020.
7. Any communications between Century and Apex (or any agent or legal representative of Apex), including communications about any subpoena Apex issued to Century concerning any trademark dispute between CMT and Apex.
8. Any agreements, whether written or not, between Century and Apex (or any agent or legal representative of Apex).

EXHIBIT B

Definitions & Instructions

A. “Apex” means Apex Tool Group LLC and Apex Brands, Inc., collectively and individually, and any of their predecessor(s) or successor(s) in interest, including CRESCENT-branded products.

B. “CMT,” means CMT USA, Inc. and CMT Utensili S.p.A., collectively and individually, and any of their predecessor(s) or successor(s) in interest.

C. “Century” means Century Drill & Tool, LLC, and any subsidiaries or related entities, including Century Drill & Tool Corp. and Century Drill & Tool Co., Inc.

D. Unless otherwise specified herein, and as applicable, the geographic scope of these Document Requests are limited to the United States.

Documents for Production

1. Documents sufficient to show Century’s current practices (whether or not called “brand guidelines”) regarding the use of color on its Circular Saw Blades and Diamond Saw Blades.

2. Documents sufficient to show the properties and benefits of any coatings that are applied to the surface of Century’s Circular Saw Blades and Diamond Saw Blades.

EXHIBIT C

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA
CHARLOTTE DIVISION
CASE NO. 3:24-CV-137-RJC-DCK**

**CMT USA, INC. and
CMT UTENSILI S.P.A.,**

Plaintiffs,

v.

**APEX TOOL GROUP LLC, and
APEX BRANDS, INC.,**

Defendants.

PROTECTIVE ORDER

THIS MATTER IS BEFORE THE COURT regarding the parties' proposed Protective Order (Document No. 66) filed on April 5, 2024. The Court commends the parties and counsel for reaching an agreement on this issue, and therefore, adopts the parties' proposed Protective Order as follows.

WHEREAS all of the parties to this action (collectively, the "Parties," and individually, a "Party") request that this Court issue a protective order pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c) to protect the confidentiality of certain nonpublic and confidential material that will be exchanged pursuant to and during the course of discovery in this case;

WHEREAS, the Parties, through counsel, agree to the following terms;

WHEREAS, the Parties acknowledge that this Protective Order does not confer blanket protections on all disclosures or responses to discovery and that the protection it affords only extends to the limited information or items that are entitled, under the applicable legal principles, to confidential treatment;

WHEREAS, the Parties further acknowledge that this Protective Order does not create entitlement to file confidential information under seal; and

WHEREAS, in light of these acknowledgements, and based on the representations of the Parties that discovery in this case will involve confidential documents or information the public disclosure of which will cause harm to the producing person and/or third party to whom a duty of confidentiality is owed, and to protect against injury caused by dissemination of confidential documents and information, this Court finds good cause for issuance of an appropriately tailored confidentiality order governing the pretrial phase of this action;

IT IS, THEREFORE, ORDERED that any person subject to this Protective Order – including without limitation the Parties to this action, their representatives, agents, experts and consultants, all third parties providing discovery in this action, and all other interested persons with actual or constructive notice of this Protective Order – shall adhere to the following terms:

1. Any person subject to this Protective Order who receives from any other person subject to this Protective Order any “Discovery Material” (*i.e.*, information of any kind produced or disclosed pursuant to and in course of discovery in this action) that is designated as “Confidential” or “Highly Confidential – Attorneys’ Eyes Only” pursuant to the terms of this Protective Order (hereinafter “Confidential Discovery Material” and “Highly Confidential Discovery Material,” respectively) shall not disclose such Confidential Discovery Material or Highly Confidential Discovery Material to anyone else except as expressly permitted hereunder.

2. The person producing any given Discovery Material may designate as Confidential only such portion of such material the public disclosure of which is either restricted by law or will cause harm to the business, commercial, financial or personal interests of the producing person and/or a third party to whom a duty of confidentiality is owed and that consists of:

(a) material nonpublic insider information, confidential and/or commercially sensitive or proprietary information;

(b) personnel files;

(c) information that a party is under a duty to preserve as confidential under a court or administrative order, by agreement with or obligation to a third person;

(d) previously nondisclosed material relating to ownership or control of any non-public company;

(e) any information of a personal or intimate nature regarding any individual;

(f) other information which the party believes in good faith must be maintained in confidence in order to protect its business or commercial interests; or

(g) any other category of information hereinafter given confidential status by the Court.

3. The person producing any given Discovery Material may designate as Highly Confidential – Attorneys’ Eyes Only any such Discovery Material that the producing person reasonably believes to qualify as so sensitive that its dissemination deserves even further limitation and consists of:

(a) previously nondisclosed financial information (including without limitation profitability reports or estimates, percentage fees, design fees, royalty rates, minimum guarantee payments, sales reports, customer lists, and sale margins);

(b) previously nondisclosed business plans, product development information, or marketing plans;

(c) material which contains or discloses information of an extremely high degree of commercial sensitivity such that it would provide a competitive disadvantage to a Party (or a competitive advantage to a Party's competitors) if disclosed.

4. With respect to the Confidential or Highly Confidential – Attorneys' Eyes Only portions of any Discovery Material other than deposition transcripts and exhibits, the producing person or that person's counsel may designate such portion as "Confidential" or "Highly Confidential – Attorneys' Eyes Only" by stamping or otherwise clearly marking as "Confidential" or "Highly Confidential – Attorneys' Eyes Only" the protected portion in a manner that will not interfere with legibility or audibility.

5. With respect to deposition transcripts, a producing person or that person's counsel may designate such portion as Confidential or Highly Confidential – Attorneys' Eyes Only either by: (a) indicating on the record during the deposition that a question calls for Confidential or Highly Confidential – Attorneys' Eyes Only information, in which case the reporter will bind the transcript of the designated testimony (consisting of question and answer) in a separate volume and mark it as "Confidential Information Governed by Protective Order" or "Highly Confidential Information Governed by Protective Order"; or (b) notifying the reporter and all counsel of record, in writing, within 30 days after the deposition transcript is delivered, of the specific pages and lines of the transcript and/or the specific exhibits that are to be designated Confidential or Highly Confidential – Attorneys' Eyes Only, in which case all counsel receiving the transcript will be responsible for marking the copies of the designated transcript or exhibit (as the case may be), in their possession or under their control as directed by the producing person or that person's counsel by the reporter. During the 30-day period following the delivery of the deposition transcript, the

entire deposition transcript will be treated as if it had been designated Highly Confidential – Attorneys’ Eyes Only.

6. When any inadvertent or mistaken disclosure of Discovery Material protected by privilege or work-product immunity is discovered by the producing person and brought to the attention of the receiving person, the receiving person shall treat such Discovery Material in accordance with Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). Such inadvertent or mistaken disclosure shall not by itself constitute a waiver by the producing person of any claims of privilege or work-product immunity. However, nothing herein restricts the right of the receiving person to challenge the producing person’s claim of privilege if appropriate within a reasonable time after receiving notice of the inadvertent or mistaken disclosure.

7. If at any time prior to the trial of this action, a producing person realizes that some portion(s) of Discovery Material that she, he, or it had previously produced without limitation should be designated as Confidential or Highly Confidential – Attorneys’ Eyes Only, she, he, or it may so designate by so apprising all prior recipients of the Discovery Material in writing, and thereafter such designated portion(s) of the Discovery Material will thereafter be deemed to be and treated as Confidential or Highly Confidential – Attorneys’ Eyes Only under the terms of this Protective Order.

8. No person subject to this Protective Order other than the producing person shall disclose any of the Discovery Material designated by the producing person as Confidential to any other person whomsoever, except to:

(a) for each of Plaintiffs, collectively, and Defendants, collectively, up to three (3) designated officers, directors, or employees of said party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this action;

(b) outside counsel retained specifically for this action, including any paralegal, clerical and other assistant employed by such counsel and assigned to this matter;

(c) for each of Plaintiffs, collectively, and Defendants, collectively, one (1) in-house counsel for the Parties;

(d) outside vendors or service providers (such as copy-service providers and document-management consultants, graphic production services or other litigation support services) that counsel hire and assign to this matter, including computer service personnel performing duties in relation to a computerized litigation system;

(e) any mediator or arbitrator that the Parties engage in this matter or that this Court appoints, provided such person has first executed a Non-Disclosure Agreement in the form annexed as an Exhibit hereto;

(f) as to any document, its author, its addressee, and any other person indicated on the face of the document as having received a copy;

(g) any person retained by a Party to serve as an expert witness or otherwise provide specialized advice to counsel in connection with this action, provided such person has first executed a Non-Disclosure Agreement in the form annexed as an Exhibit hereto;

(h) stenographers engaged to transcribe depositions conducted in this action;

(i) this Court, including any appellate court, and the court reporters and support personnel for the same; and

(j) any witness produced or otherwise put forth by the producing person.

9. No person subject to this Protective Order other than the producing person shall disclose any of the Discovery Material designated by the producing person as Highly Confidential – Attorneys’ Eyes Only to any other person whomsoever, except to any persons referred to in

subparagraphs 8(b)-(j) above. However, if necessary to facilitate settlement discussions, the Parties may meet and confer to agree upon an officer, director, or employee of each Party to whom Highly Confidential Discovery Material may be disclosed to.

10. Prior to any disclosure of any Confidential Discovery Material to any person referred to in subparagraphs 8(a), 8(c), or 8(g) above, or prior to any disclosure of any Highly Confidential Discovery Material to any person referred to in subparagraph 8(c) or 8(g) above, such person shall be provided by counsel with a copy of this Protective Order and shall sign a Non-Disclosure Agreement in the form annexed as an Exhibit hereto stating that that person has read this Protective Order and agrees to be bound by its terms. Said counsel must then identify the person to be bound and serve the executed Non-Disclosure Agreement on all other Parties at least seven (7) days prior to the disclosure of any other Party's Confidential or Highly Confidential Discovery Material. If the producing Party has good cause to object to the disclosure, it must serve the Party proposing to make the disclosure with a written objection within seven (7) days after service of the identification. Unless the Parties resolve the dispute within seven (7) days after service of the objection, or a longer period if the parties so agree, the producing Party must move the Court promptly for a ruling, and the Confidential or Highly Confidential Discovery Material may not be disclosed to the person to be bound without the Court's approval.

11. Any Party who objects to any designation of confidentiality may at any time prior to the trial of this action serve upon counsel for the designating person a written notice stating with particularity the grounds of the objection. If the Parties cannot reach agreement promptly, counsel for all Parties will address their dispute to this Court.

12. A Party may be requested to produce Discovery Material that is subject to contractual or other obligations of confidentiality owed to a third party. Within two business days

of receiving the request, the receiving Party subject to such obligation shall inform the third party of the request and that the third party may seek a protective order or other relief from this Court. If neither the third party nor the receiving Party seeks a protective order or other relief from this Court within 21 days of that notice, the receiving Party shall produce the information responsive to the discovery request but may affix the appropriate controlling designation.

13. Recipients of Confidential or Highly Confidential Discovery Material under this Protective Order may use such material solely for the prosecution and defense of this action and any appeals thereto, and specifically (and by way of example and not limitations) may not use Confidential or Highly Confidential Discovery Material for any business, commercial, or competitive purpose. Nothing contained in this Protective Order, however, will affect or restrict the rights of any person with respect to its own documents or information produced in this action. Nor does anything contained in this Protective Order limit or restrict the rights of any person to use or disclose information or material obtained independently from and not through or pursuant to the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

14. Nothing in this Protective Order will prevent any person subject to it from producing any Confidential or Highly Confidential Discovery Material in its possession in response to a lawful subpoena or other compulsory process, or if required to produce by law or by any government agency having jurisdiction, provided, however, that such person receiving a request, will provide written notice to the producing person before disclosure and as soon as reasonably possible, and, if permitted by the time allowed under the request, at least 10 days before any disclosure. Upon receiving such notice, the producing person will have the right to oppose compliance with the subpoena, other compulsory process, or other legal notice if the producing person deems it appropriate to do so.

15. All persons seeking to file redacted documents or documents under seal with the Court shall follow LCvR 6.1 of this Court's Rules of Practice and Procedure.

16. Each person who has access to Discovery Material that has been designated as Confidential or Highly Confidential – Attorneys' Eyes Only shall take all due precautions to prevent the unauthorized or inadvertent disclosure of such material.

17. Any Personally Identifying Information ("PII") (e.g., social security numbers, financial account numbers, passwords, and information that may be used for identity theft) exchanged in discovery shall be maintained by the persons who receive such information and are bound by this Protective Order in a manner that is secure and confidential. In the event that the person receiving PII experiences a data breach, she, he, or it shall immediately notify the producing person of the same and cooperate with the producing person to address and remedy the breach. Nothing herein shall preclude the producing person from asserting legal claims or constitute a waiver of legal rights or defenses in the event of litigation arising out of the receiving person's failure to appropriately protect PII from unauthorized disclosure.

18. This Protective Order is entered without prejudice to the right of any Party to move the court for modification of or relief from any of its terms.

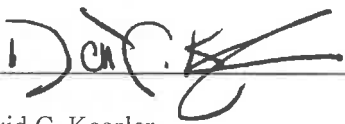
19. This Protective Order shall survive the termination of the litigation and remains in full force and effect unless modified by order of the Court or by written stipulation of the Parties filed with the court. Within 30 days of the final disposition of this action, including any appeals, all Discovery Material designated as "Confidential," or "Highly Confidential – Attorneys' Eyes Only" and all copies thereof, shall be promptly returned to the producing person, or, upon permission of the producing person, destroyed. Further, within 30 days of the final disposition of this action, including any appeals, each Party shall destroy all copies of Confidential or Highly

Confidential Discovery Material that contain and/or constitute attorney work product as well as excerpts, summaries, and digests revealing Confidential or Highly Confidential Discovery Material; provided, however, that counsel may retain complete copies of all transcripts and pleadings, including any exhibits attached thereto, for archival purposes subject to the provisions of this Protective Order.

20. All persons subject to this Protective Order acknowledge that willful violation of this Protective Order could subject them to punishment for contempt of Court. This Court shall retain jurisdiction over all persons subject to this Protective Order to the extent necessary to enforce any obligations arising hereunder or to impose sanctions for any contempt thereof.

SO ORDERED.

Signed: April 9, 2024

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "D.C. Keesler", is written over a horizontal line.

David C. Keesler
United States Magistrate Judge



SO STIPULATED AND AGREED.

/s/ Robert E. Colletti

Dated: April 5, 2024

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/s/ Michael J. McCue

Dated: April 5, 2024

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**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA
CHARLOTTE DIVISION
CASE NO. 3:24-CV-137-RJC-DCK**

**CMT USA, INC. and
CMT UTENSILI S.P.A.,**

Plaintiffs,

v.

**APEX TOOL GROUP LLC, and
APEX BRANDS, INC.,**

Defendants.

**NON-DISCLOSURE
AGREEMENT**

I, _____, acknowledge that I have read and understand the Protective Order in this action governing the non-disclosure of those portions of Discovery Material that have been designated as Confidential or Highly Confidential – Attorneys’ Eyes Only. I agree that I will not disclose such Confidential or Highly Confidential Discovery Material to anyone other than for purposes of this litigation and that at the conclusion of the litigation I will either return all discovery information to the party or attorney from whom I received it, or upon permission of the producing party, destroy such discovery information. By acknowledging these obligations under the Protective Order, I understand that I am submitting myself to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the Western District of North Carolina for the purpose of any issue or dispute arising hereunder and that my willful violation of any term of the Protective Order could subject me to punishment for contempt of Court.

Dated: _____